SLM (Only Content Pages)

Bachelor of Criminology-B.A

20CR2001, Course Title: INTRODUCTION TO CRIMINOLOGY
Author: G. Dhanalakshmi, Assistant Professor.
Contents-

MODULE 1: **INTRODUCTION**

(a)Definitions- Crime, Criminology and Criminal Justice System (b) Differences - Sin, Crime, Vice & Wrong. (c)Meaning-Deviance and Delinquency. (d)Nature and Scope- Criminology (e) Criminology's Relations with Other Disciplines.

MODULE 2: **SCHOOLS OF CRIMINOLOGY**

(a)Pre-classical. (b) Classical. (c)Neo-Classical. (d)Positive. (e) Cartographic and Clinical.

MODULE 3: **THEORIES OF CRIMINOLOGY-I**

(a)Biological Theories- Atavism, Twin Study, Adoption Study. (b)XYY Chromosomes. (c)Shelton Body Type Theory.

MODULE 4: **THEORIES OF CRIMINOLOGY-II**

(a)Sociological Theories-Social Learning – Imitation Theory (b)Differential Association Theory. (c)Social Control- Anomie theory, Containment Theory. (d)Neutralization Theory, Labeling Theory.

MODULE 5: **THEORIES OF CRIMINOLOGY-III**

(a)Social Conflict-Marxist Criminology (b)Multi Factor Approach- Routine Activities Theory.

MODULE 6: **CRIME STATISTICS**

(a)National Crime Records Bureau and Its Publications, Crime Trends in India Including Contemporary Issues. (b)Crime Pattern and Its Types. (c)Dark Figures of Crime (Hidden Crimes) (d)Victimization Survey.

20CR2002, Course Title: CONTEMPORARY FORMS OF CRIME
Author: Prof. P.G. Sunanda Bhagavathy
Contents-

MODULE 1**: CONTEMPORARY FORMS OF CRIME**

(a) Introduction to Contemporary Forms of Crime (b)Definition (c) Nature and Crime-Property (d).Personal (e) State.

MODULE 2**: ECONOMIC OFFENCES**

(a)White Collar Crime-Nature (b) Meaning & Forms (c) Import /Export Violations (d) Insider Trading (e) Labour Racketeering (f) Embezzlement (g) Land Grabbing (h) Corporate (i) Crimes-Tax Evasion, (j) Counterfeiting (k)Bank Frauds (l) Credit Card Frauds (m) Money Laundering (n)Insurance Frauds (o) Frauds by Non-Banking Institutions (p) Corruption.

MODULE 3**: CYBER CRIMES**

(a) Definition (b) Evolution (c) Types and Forms (d)Malicious Code (e)Viruses (f) Worms (j) Trojans (h) Hacking (i) Email Hacking (j) Email Bombing (k) Social Engineering (l) Phishing (m) Vishing (n) Smishing (o) Sexting (p) Denial of Service Attacks.

MODULE 4: **ORGANIZED CRIMES**

(a)Nature (b) Meaning and Forms (c) Drug Smuggling (d) Arms (e) Trafficking (f) Criminal Syndicates (g) Regional and International Link (h) Problems in Identification (i) Investigation and Prosecution (j) Prevention and Control Strategies.

MODULE 5**: POLITICAL CRIMES**
(a) Terrorism (b) Nature (c) Meaning and Forms (d).Types of Terrorism (e) Narco- Terrorism (f) Bio Terrorism (g) National (h) International Roots of Terrorism (i) Terrorist Attacks (j) Case Studies (k) Communal Violence (l) Historical Perspectives (m) Incidents.
MODULE 6**: ENVIRONMENTAL CRIMES**
(a) Nature (b) Meaning and Forms (c) Crimes against Wild Life (d) Flora and Fauna (e) Forest Conservation (f) Industrial Waste (g) Pollution (h) Social and Legal Measures (i) Green Bench (j) Central Pollution Control Board.

20CR2003, Course Title: FUNDAMENTALS OF CONSTITUTION OF INDIA
Author: G. Nisha Malini, Assistant Professor
Contents-
MODULE 1:**PRINCIPLES**
(a) Introduction (b) History (c) Preamble (d) Salient Features and Nature of the Constitution (e) Citizenship (f) Fundamental Duties (Art. 51A).
MODULE 2: **STRUCTURE & PROVISION**
(a) Directive Principles of State Policy (Art. 36-51) (b) Executive, Legislative, Judiciary (c) Public Interest Litigation (d) Judicial Review (e) Important Constitutional amendments of India.
MODULE 3: **FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS**
(a) Laws inconsistent with Fundamental Rights (Article 13) (b) Right to Equality (Article 14-18) (c) Right to Freedom of Speech & Expression (Art. 19) (d) Right to Protection in respect of conviction of offences (Art. 20) (e) Right Protection of Life & Personal Liberty (Art. 21) (f) Right to Safeguards against arbitrary arrest & detention (Art. 22).
MODULE 4: **FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS**
(a) Right against Exploitation (Art. 23-24) (b) Right to Freedom of Religion (Art. 25-28) (c) Cultural & Educational Right (Art. 29-30) (d) Right to Constitutional remedies (Art. 32- 35) (e) Impact of Emergency on Fundamental Rights.
MODULE 5: **CONSTITUTIONAL REMEDIES**
(a) Writs, Meaning and scope ,Types of Writs (b) Habeas Corpus (c) Mandamus (d) Certiorari (e) Prohibition (f) Quo Warranto
MODULE 6: **BREAKTHROUGH JUDGEMENTS IN CONSTITUTION LAW**
(a) Keshavananda Bharti Case (b) Menaka Gandhi Case (c) Vishaka Case (d) Article 370 Scrapping (e) NOTA Judgements (f) Shreya Singhal Case (g) Indian Young Lawyers Association Case (h) Passive Euthanasia Case - Critical Analysis (i) Comparative study of Constitution of different Countries (Outline).

20CR2004, Course Title: FORENSIC SCIENCE
Author: Dr. Sowmya Kumar, Assistant Professor
Contents-
MODULE 1: **INTRODUCTION**
(a) Evolution (b) Definition and Scope (c) Locard's Principle (d) Branches & Tasks (e) Organizational Setup of Forensic Sciences Department and Units
MODULE 2: **CRIME SCENE**
(a) Procedure (b) Nature and Types of Crime Scene (c) Note Taking, (d) Search & seizure (e) Sketching & Photographing (f) Collection Of Evidence with Experts Assistance (g) Preservation of Evidences (h) Documentation (i) Chain of Custody.
MODULE 3: **EVIDENCE**

(a) Types (b) Real evidence (c) Demonstrative evidence (d) Documentary evidence (e) Testimonial evidence (f) Fingerprint (g) Foot Print (i) Hair & fiber (j) Forensic Toxicology-Poisons, (k) Identification (l) Classification of Signs & Symptoms (m) Antidotes and Collection of Samples.

MODULE 4: **FORENSIC DIVISION-I**

(a) Ballistics –Firearms & Ammunition- (b) Cartridge, Bullets, Pellets and Wads, (c) Comparison (d) Determination of Range & Time (e) Trajectory of Fire (f) Tool marks - Tyre Mark, Skid Mark, Pug Marks, -Bite Mark, Lip Mark, Rugoscopy

MODULE 5**: FORENSIC DIVISION-II**

(a) Biology - Biological Evidence (b) Blood and Other Body Fluids (c) Collection of Samples (d) DNA Profiling (e) Document Examination – (f) Forgery Handwriting, Signature (g) Forensic Psychiatry – Illusion, Delusion, Hallucination, Phobia, Impulse- (h) Forensic Entomology-Insects, Blowfly Life cycle & crime investigation.

MODULE 6**: CRIME SCENE RECONSTRUCTION**

(a) Basic Principles and Stages Involved (b) Types and Classification of Reconstruction (c) Pattern Evidence (d) Steps & Logic (e) Reconstruction Report.

20CR2005, Course Title: POLICE ADMINISTRATION

Author:Prof.P.G. Sunanda Bhagavathy

Contents-

MODULE 1: **INTRODUCTION**

(a) History of Indian Police (b) Policing in Ancient, Medieval and Modern India (c) Glimpses of Police Act of 1861 (d) National Police Commission Recommendations (NPC) (e) Various Committee Reports.

MODULE 2: **ORGANIZATION AND STRUCTURE**

(a) Structure of State Police (b) SB CID, CB CID, NIB CID, SIU, OCIW, SIT, V & AC and GRPF (c) District Police (d) City Police (e)Central Police Organizations -CBI, IB, RAW, CISF, CRPF, RPF NCB (f) Bureau of Police Research and Development Organizations, (g) NCRB (h) Village Police and (i) Armed Police.

MODULE 3: **RECRUITMENT, TRAINING AND FUNCTIONS**

(a) Constables, (b) Sub-Inspectors (c) Deputy/Assistant Superintendents Of Police (d) Functions – Crime Prevention (e) Beats & Patrolling (d) Pickets (e) Surveillance (f) Traffic Regulation (g) Law & Order – Collection of Intelligence (h) Registration of FIR (i) Case Diary (j) Investigation (k) Modus Operandi (l)Interrogation (m) Examination of Witnesses And Suspects (n) Confession (o) Filing Final Report (p) Charge Sheet or Referred Charge Sheet (q) Victim Services.

MODULE4: **POLICE STATION RECORDS**

(a) Administrative Registers - General Diary; Cash Book, Sentry Relief Book; Duty Roster; Village Roster; Government Property Register; Gun License Register; Arms Deposit Register; Process Register; Tapal Register (b) Crime Registers – Part I to V- (c) Ex-Convict Register (d) KD Check Register, (e) Prisoner's Search Register– (f) FIR & FIR Index (g) Arrest Card (h) Bail Bond (i) Petty Case Register (j) Crime Cards (l) Crime Memo (m) Search List.

MODULE 5: **ROUTINE**

(a) Police Station Routine (b) Roll Call (c) Catechism Class (d) Duties of Prevention of Crime (e) Protection of Law and Order (f) Station Guards (g).Routine - Cities /Villages.

MODULE 6: **DUTIES**

(a) Crowd Control / Riot Control (b) Bandobust Duties (c) Function Place (d) VIP Bandobust (e) Court Duty (f) Summon Service and Warrant Execution (g) Beats and Patrolling (h)

Surveillance Duties (i) Contemporary Policing (j) Modernization of Police (k) Police /Public Relation (l) Community Policing (m) Image of Police.

20CR2006, Course Title: CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE
Author: G. Nisha Malini, Assistant Professor
Contents-

MODULE 1**: INTRODUCTION**

(a) Object, scope and Nature of criminal procedure (b) Definitions, Classification of Offences (c) Constitution of Criminal Courts and Powers - Court of Sessions, Judicial Magistrates, Executive Magistrates, Public Prosecutors, Informal Courts (Nayaya Panchayat and Lok Adalat)

MODULE 2: **PRE-TRIAL PROCESS**

(a) Arrest - Meaning and Purpose of Arrest, Arrest with Warrrant, Arrest without Warrant, Arrest by a Private Person, Arrest of Woman, Children, Arrest Procedure, D.K. Basu's Guidelines (b) Search General Principles - Search with Warrant, Search withhout Warrant, Police Search during Investigation (c) Seizure - Constitutional Aspects of Validity of Search and Seizure.

MODULE 3: **INVESTIGATION**

(a) Meaning and purpose of investigation (b) Information to Police, F.I.R. and Procedure after the Recording of the F.I.R (c) Evidentiary Value of Statements made to the Police (d) Investigation in the Case of Unnatural Deaths and Suicides in Police Custody (e) Complaint, Inquiry, Framing of Charge (f) Bail, Concepts, Anticipatory Bail (g) Remand, Jurisdiction, Time Limitations.

MODULE 4**: TRIAL PROCESS**

(a) Pleas of Autrefois Acquit and Autrefois Convict, Fair Trial (b) Presumption of Innocence (c) Trial before a Court of Session (d) Trial of Warrant Cases (e) Trial in a Summons Case (f) Accusatorial and Inquisitorial Systems (g) Summary Trials.

MODULE 5**: JUDGEMENT**

(a) Post-Conviction Orders in Lieu of Punishment, Appeals, Suspension of Sentence, Execution, Remission, Commutation of Sentence (b) Disposal of Property, Acquittal, Bonds, Fine, (c) Imprisonment, Injunction, Probation, Parole, Conditional Release, Legislative and Judicial role.

MODULE 6: **INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL LAW & ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE**

(a) International Criminal Court (b) Principles and Procedures of International Criminal Investigations and Prosecutions (c) Sentencing and Penalties (d) Outline Role of Artificial Intelligence in Public Safety, DNA Analysis, Gunshot Detection, Crime Forecasting.

20CR2007, COURSE TITLE: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY
Author: Mr. Xavier Louis, Assistant Professor
Contents-

MODULE 1**: INTRODUCTION**

(a)Definitions (b)Objectives (c)Motivation (d)Research Methods and Meaning (e)Formulation of the Research Problem

MODULE 2: **TYPES OF RESEARCH**

(a)Descriptive (b)Applied (c)Fundamental (d)Qualitative (e)Quantitative (f)Empirical (g)Types and Characteristics of Research design (h)Literature survey (i)References Styles -APA- MLA.

MODULE 3: **STATISTICS**

(a)Definitions (b)Significance (c)Mean Median and Mode (d)standard deviation and coefficient (e)Measures of variability (f)Merits of measures of central tendency and variability Crime statistics in India.

MODULE 4: **HYPOTHESIS & SAMPLING**
(a)Definition, (b)Types, Formation, and Testing; (c)Population; (d)Sample and Sampling; (e)Types – Probability Sampling and Non-Probability Sampling.
MODULE **5: DATA COLLECTION**
(a)Collection (b)Research Tool (c)Measurements and Scaling (d)Mode of Collection of Data (e)Types of Data Collection (f)Ethics in Criminal Justice Research (g)Analysis of Data.
MODULE 6: **ANALYSIS**
(a)Application of SPSS (Statistical Package for Social Sciences) in criminological research (b)Report Writing.

20CR2009, Course Title: PSYCHOLOGY OF CRIME
Author: Dr. Sowmya Kumar, Assistant Professor
MODULE 1**: INTRODUCTION**
(a) Meaning (b) Definition (c) Nature (d) Scope (e) Branches of Psychology (f) Key Perspectives of Criminal Psychology.
MODULE 2: **CONCEPTS**
(a) Application of Psychology to Crime and Deviance – Emotion (b) Intelligence-Measures (c) (d) Attention (f) Memory-Problem (g) Abnormality (h) Problem Solving.
MODULE 3: **COGNITION & PERCEPTION**
(a) Meaning (b) Definition and Forms (c) Theories of Perception – Direct Theory of Perception (d) Constructivist Theory of Perception
MODULE 4: **MOTIVATION**
(a) Needs (b) Drives and Incentive (c) Types of Motives – Homeostasis (d) Motivation Theories-Maslow (e) Frustration-Sources (f) Frustration Leading to Criminal Behaviour – Emotions (g) Characteristics of Emotions (h) Type (i) Environmental Determinants of Behaviour – Family (j) Socio-Cultural Set Up
MODULE 5: **LEARNING THEORIES**
(a) Concept (b) Factors Influencing Learning, – Classical Conditioning (Pavlov) (c) Operant Conditioning (Skinner) (d) Law of Effect (Thorndike) (e) Insightful Learning (Kohler) (f) Social Learning Theory (Bandura) – Learning and Criminality.
MODULE 6: **PERSONALITY THEORIES**
(a) Trait Theory (Allport And Catell) (b) Type Theory and Structural Model of Personality (Eysenck) (c) Psychodynamic Theory and Freud Theory (d) Neo-Psychoanalytic Theory – Erickson (e) Adler (f) Jung – Personality and Criminality

20CR2010, Course Title: VICTIMOLOGY
Author: DR. P.G.SUNANDA BHAGAVTHY
Contents-
MODULE 1: **INTRODUCTION**
(a)Origin and Development of Victimology, (b) .Definitions, (c)Dimensions of Victimization, (d)Typology (e).State of Victims in Criminal Justice System, (f)Retributive Justice (g).Restorative Justice (h)Scope of Victimology.
MODULE 2: **CONCEPTS**
(a).Victim Precipitation, (b).Fear of Crime, (c).Reporting Behaviour (d)Dark Figures (e)Crime Victimization Survey (f)Victim Blaming (g)Victimological Theories (h)Bystander Effect (j)Examples, Experiment.
MODULE 3: **IMPACT OF VICTIMIZATION**

(a)Patterns and Victims of Conventional Crimes (b)Gender-Based Violence (c)Hate Crime (d).Domestic Violence (e)Women Victims (f)Child Victims (g)Victims of Group Violence, (h)Elderly Victims (i).Victims of Natural Disaster (j)Cultural Victimization (k)Vulnerable Group(l) Impact–Physical (m) Financial (n)Psychological (o).Social Cost (p)Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD).

MODULE 4: **INSTRUMENTS**

(a)National and International Concern for Victims (b)U.N. Declaration on the Basic Principles of Justice for Victims of Crime and Abuse of Power 1985, (c).Handbook of Justice for Victims 1998 (d)Guides for Policy Makers, (e)International Criminal Court (f)Amnesty International (g)World Society of Victimology (h).Indian Society of Victimology, (i)National Organization for Victim Assistance (NOVA), (j)UN General Assembly on Restitution and Compensation, 2005

MODULE 5: **ALTERNATIVE SERVICES**

(a).Victims Support Services (b)Types of Assistance (c)Offender Restitution Programs (d)Victim Witness Programs (e).Crisis Intervention (f)Victim Advocacy (g)Victim Compensation and Restitution, (h) Alternative Service/Dispute Resolution (i)Victim Offender Mediation (j)Circles (k)Family Group Conferencing.

MODULE 6**: INDIAN SCENARIO**

(a)Need for a Victim Centric Criminal Justice System (b)Malimath Committee (c)Verma Commission, (d)Victim Support Schemes (e) All Women Police Stations (f)Victim Compensation Fund (g).Role of NGOs and Professional Associations (h).Women Help Line (i).Anti Human Trafficking Clubs (j)Child Help Line (h)One Stop Shop.

20CR2011, INDIAN PENAL CODE AND INDIAN EVIDENCE ACT

Author: Prof. G. Nisha Malini

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MODULE 1: **CRIME AND LIABILITY**

(a) Indian Penal Code -Nature, Scope, Jurisdiction (b) Definition of Crime – Elements of Criminal Liability, Actus Non Facit Reum Nisi Mens Sit Rea, Mala In Se, Mala Prohibita (c) Stages of Crime (d) Strict Liability, Joint Liability, Vicarious Liability (e) Punishments under IPC.

MODULE 2: **GENERAL EXCEPTIONS AND OFFENCES AGAINST HUMAN BODY**

(a) General Exceptions in IPC (b) Culpable homicide (c) Assault, Hurt, Grievous Hurt (d) Murder, Abetment and Suicide (e) Rape, Unnatural offences (f) Kidnapping, Abduction (g)Wrongful restraint and Confinement

MODULE 3: **OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY, PUBLIC TRANQUILITY & STATE.**

(a) Theft, House Breaking, Extortion, Robbery, (b) Dacoity, Receiving Stolen Property, Cheating (c) Affray, Unlawful Assembly, Riot, Sedition, Espionage, Waging war.

MODULE 4: **CONCEPTS OF EVIDENCE**

(a) Evidence – Definition, Types of Evidence (b) Concept of Admissibility and Relevancy of Facts. (c) Admission, Confession, Dying Declaration (d) Expert Opinion

MODULE 5: **BURDEN OF PROOF**

(a) Presumptions of Law, Presumptions of Fact, Presumption of Innocence (b) Admissible Evidence (c) Shifting of Burden Of Proof (d) Presumption of Death, Abetment - Suicide, Dowry death, Rape (e) Concept of Free trial.

MODULE 6: **EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES**

(a) Accomplice (b) Examination of Witness, Chief Examination, Cross Examination, Re-Examination, (c) Impeaching the Credit of Witness (d) Recent Trends in Recording and Admissibility of Evidence.

20CR2012, Course Title: CHILD PROTECTION
Author: G. Dhanalakshmi, Assistant Professor.
Contents-
MODULE 1: **INTRODUCTION AND DEFINITION OF CHILDREN**
(a)Child and Childhood – Meaning, Child development. (b)Need -Child Protection. Child Definitions- Legal, Constitution (c)Different Age based definition - JJ Act 2000, Child Labour Act 1986. (d)Needsight of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act, 2009; UNCRC. Human Life Cycle Approach. (e) Needs - Conception to 18 Years.
MODULE 2: **TYPES OF VULNERABLE CHILDREN.**
(a)Definition – Vulnerability, Vulnerable Children. (b)Habits and it's Vulnerability (Family, Streets or Public Places, Institutions). (c)Children - Abuse, Neglect, Violence and Exploitation Cases. Child Labour. (d)Street Children, Physically / Emotionally / Sexually Abused Children, Children with Disability, Children of Families at Risk. (d)Trafficked Children, Children in Institutions, Children in Disaster Situations, Children in Conflict with Law, Child Soldiers, Orphaned, Abandoned and Destitute Children.
MODULE 3: **COMMISSIONS AND GUIDELINES**
(a)ICPS -. Guiding Principles. (b)The Juvenile Justice Act, 2000 – Salient Features. After Care, Rehabilitation, Social Reintegration. (c)The Commissions for Protection of Child Rights Act, 2005. (d)National/ State Commissions for children – Role, function.
MODULE 4: **NATIONAL LAWS FOR CHILDREN I.**
(a)Juvenile Justice Act, 2000.(b)The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act, 2009. (c)Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986. (d)The Prohibition of Child Marriage Act, 2006. (e) Pre-natal Diagnostic Techniques Act, 1994.
MODULE 5: **National laws for children II and NGO**
(a)Law relating to Trafficking- Sections IPC- Trafficking - (ITPA) -Provisions. (b)ictimm, Offender - definition. "Best interest of the child" concept. (c)POCSO. (d)NGO - Role, function. Child helpline.
MODULE 6: **BASIC ADVOCACY SKILLS.**
(a)Handling Children - Identifying the Issue, Problem Analysis. (b)Methods for Advocacy - campaign, Posters, Child Participation, Creating Advocacy material. (c)Social Media -Skills, Roles. (d)Family and Community Panchayati Raj Institutions. (e)NRLM. NULM

20CR2014, Course Title: FORENSIC MEDICINE
Author : Dr.Sowmya Kumar
MODULE1:**INTRODUCTION**
(a)Definition (b)Medical Jurisprudence (c) Medical Evidence (d) Inquest - Types, Corpus Delicti, Panchanama – Witness
MODULE2:**IDENTIFICATION**
(a)Unknown Person (b)Dead Bodies and Remains of a Person by Age, Sex, Stature, Dental Examination, Scars, Moles, Tattoos (c) Dactylography.
MODULE 3: **EXAMINATION OF WOUNDS**
(a)Classification- Types of injuries – (b)Mechanical Injuries, Fire Arm Injuries (c)Thermal Injuries. (d) Anti Mortem and Postmortem Injuries (e)Entry Wound And Exit Wounds (f) Anti-Mortem Burns- Postmortem Burns (g) Simple & Grievous Injuries (h)Sexual Offences- Rape,

Unnatural Sexual Offences; Sexual Perversions, (i)Rape Kit. (j) Medico Legal Aspects of Wounds.

MODULE 4**: DEATH**

(a)Definition (b)Types- Somatic, Cellular, Brain Death (c) Sudden Natural and Unnatural Deaths (d) Suspended Animation (e)Asphyxial Deaths:- Types- Hanging, Strangulation, Suffocation, Drowning, electrocution, lightning, immolation and Poisoning.

MODULE 5: **CHANGES AFTER DEATH**

(a) Time of death-Immediate Changes (b)Algor Mortis (c)Livor Mortis (c) Rigor Mortis (d) Putrefaction (e) Cadaveric Spasm (f) Cold Stiffening and Heat Stiffening (g) Mummification (h)Adipocere and Maceration (i) Post-Mortem Artifacts (j) Mass death

MODULE6: **MEDICAL EVIDENCE & PROCEDURE**

(a) Medico- Legal Autopsy – (b) Collection of Evidence (b) Documentary Evidence & Medical Certificates (c) Medico-Legal Reports (d) Dying Declaration (e) The Indian Medical Council Act- 1956 (f)Medical Ethics

20CR2015, Course Title: PENOLOGY AND CORRECTIONAL ADMINISTRATION

Author: DR. P.G.SUNANDA BHAGAVATHY

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MODULE1: **INTRODUCTION**

(a).Punishment (b)Definition (c)Nature (d)Scope (e)Types of Punishment (f)Treatment of offenders, (g)Three R's Reformation,.Rehabilitation and Resocialization (h)Just Desserts (i)Corporal Punishment in Prison .

MODULE 2**: THEORIES**

(a)Retributive Theory (b)Preventive Theory (c)Deterrent Theory (d).Reformation Theory.

MODULE 3: **PRISON SYSTEMS**

(a) Historical Development Of Prison System In India (b).Prison Manual (c).Prison Act 1894, (d)Prisoners Act 1894, 1900, 1020 & 2003 (e).Riots in Prison – International Perspectives (f).Auburn System, (g)Pennsylvania System (h)International instruments (i).Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners & The Nelson Mandela Rules – Overview

MODULE 4: **INSTITUTIONAL TREATMENT**

(a).Adult Institutions (b)Central, District and Sub Jails (c)Open Prisons (d).Juvenile Institutions, (e)Borstal Schools (f)Observation Homes (g)Special Homes (h).Short Stay Homes (i).Women Institutions (j)Vigilance Home (k)Protective Home (l).Half way Home.

MODULE 5: **IN COMMUNITY TREATMENT**

(a).Probation: Concept and Scope (b)Historical development (c)Probation in India (d)International Perspective (e).Probation of Offenders Act 1958 (f)Probation Procedures (g)Pre-Sentence Investigation.Report (h)Revocation of Probation (i).Reintegration into Society (j)Furlough (k)Parole- Meaning, Scope, provisions and rules .

MODULE 6: **AFTER CARE SERVICES**

(a)Recidivism (b) Government and Non-governmental Initiatives (c)Discharged Prisoners Aid Society (d)Role of NGO's in Aftercare Service..

20CR2016, Course Title: SPECIAL AND LOCAL LAWS

Author: G. Nisha Malini, Assistant Professor

Contents-

MODULE 1: **PROTECTION OF HUMAN RIGHTS**

(a) The Protection of Civil Rights Act (b) Prevention of Atrocities Act; Protection of Human Rights Act (c) The Bonded Labour System (Abolition) Act (d) Prevention of Anti-Social Activities Act (e) Right to Information Act.

MODULE 2: **PROTECTION OF GENDER**

(a) Protection of Women against Domestic Violence Act (b) Dowry Prohibition Act (c) Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act (d) The Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act (e) The Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act (f) Transgender Persons (Protection of Rights) Act (g) Protection under IPC and Criminal Procedure Code.

MODULE 3: **PROTECTION OF CHILD**

(a) The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act (b) The Child Labour (Prohibition And Regulation) Act (c) Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection) Act (d) The Prohibition of Child Marriage Act (e) Pre-conception & Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques (Prevention of Sex Selection) Act (f) The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act (g) Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act.

MODULE 4: **PROTECTION OF VULNERABLE GROUP**

(a) The Tamilnadu Prohibition of Eve Teasing Act (b) The Tamilnadu Prohibition of Ragging Act (c) Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act (d) Maintenance of Parents Act (e) Parents and Senior Citizens Act (f) Mental Health Care Act (g) Legality of Passive Euthanasia.

MODULE 5: **PROTECTION OF ENVIRONMENT**

(a) Indian Fisheries Act; Indian Forest Act (b) Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act (c) WildLife Animal Protection Act (d) Environment (Protection) Act (e) Prevention of Food and Adulteration Act.

MODULE 6: **OTHER ACTS**

(a) Essential Commodities Act; Information Technology Act (b) Prevention of Damage to Public Property Act (c) COFEPOSA Act; Prevention of Corruption Act (d) Narcotic Drugs & Psychotropic Substances (Prohibition) Act.

20CR2018, Course Title: HUMAN RIGHTS

Author: G. Dhanalakshmi, Assistant Professor.

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MODULE 1: **INTRODUCTION**

(a)Meaning, Nature, Characteristics, Scope. (b)History and Landmark Developments. (c)Theories of Human Rights. (d)Classification of Rights – Civil, Political, Economic, Social & Cultural and Solidarity Rights.

MODULE 2: **NATIONAL INSTRUMENTS**

(a)Genesis: Constitutional of India – Fundamental Rights. (b)Directive Principles Of State Policy, Fundamental duties.(c)Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993.(d)National Campaign on Dalit Human Rights (NCDHR); (e)Human Rights Advocacy and Research Foundation (HRF). (f)National Human Rights Commission (NHRC); (g)State Human Rights Commission (SHRC) – Role, structure and functioning, National Campaign on Dalit Human Rights (NCDHR).

MODULE 3: **INTERNATIONAL INSTRUMENTS**

(a)Genesis: Universal Declaration of Human Rights, (UDHR) 1948; (b)International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) 1966; (c)International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR) 1966. (d) United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR).

MODULE 4: **CONVENTIONS FOR GENDER AND CHILDREN**

(a)Convention on the Elimination of all forms of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW), 1979; (b)Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC), 1989. (c)Equality, Rights in Family, Violence against women and children, Trafficking, Gender and Sexual Harassment.

MODULE 5: **CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM**

(a)Relevance to Human Rights - Handcuffing, Custodial Violence, Third Degree Method of Interrogation. (b)Rights of Accused. (c)Rights of Victims-Protection from the Accused, Restitution And Compensation. (d)Law of Limitations.

MODULE 6: **NON-GOVERNMENTAL INITIATIVES**

(a)Amnesty International, International Red Cross Society. (b)Human Rights Advocacy and Research Foundation (HRF). (c)Human Rights Watch, Peoples Watch. (d)PUCL, AIDWA. (e)Role of NGO in Protecting Human Rights – Critical Analysis.

20CR2019, Course Title: PRIVATE DETECTIVE AND SECURITY MANAGEMENT

Author: Mr. Xavier Louis, Assistant Professor

MODULE 1: **INTRODUCTION TO PRIVATE INVESTIGATE**

(a)Private Investigation Profession and Career – (b)Code of Ethics for Private Investigators – (c)Concepts of Detective (d)History of Private Investigations.

MODULE 2: **TYPES OF INVESTIGATIONS AND SURVEILLANCE**

(a)Pre and Post Marital Investigation – (b)Land Dispute investigation - (c)Student Investigation (d)Kidnapping and abduction investigation – (e)missing person investigation – (f)Traffic accident investigation (g)Pre-employment verification and Post employee verification (h)Documents verification (i)Undercover Operations – Surveillance2 (j)Purpose Pre-surveillance Conference (k)Covert and overt Surveillance (l)Automobile Surveillance (m)Foot Surveillance (n)Team Surveillance

MODULE 3**: INTERVIEWING AND REPORT WRITING**

(a)Interviewing – Interviewing techniques – (b)Tools for interview – (c)Objectives of Interviews – (d)Interrogation – Interrogation Techniques – (e)Report Writing

MODULE 4**: SECURITY HISTORY AND PHYSICAL SECURITY**

(a)Security: Ancient Period Anglo The American and British Development (b)Developments in India - (c)Role of CISF in Industrial security (d)Security Areas: Exclusion Area (e)Limited Area and Control Area (f)Physical Security Barriers: (g)Natural Barriers (h)Structural Barriers (i)Human Barriers (j)Animal Barriers.

MODULE 5: **DUTIES AND PREVENTIVE MEASURES**

(a)Duties of Chief Security Officer Security Officer Security supervisor and Security guards (b)Theft (c)Pilferage and preventive measures – (d)Cash Escort in Road - (e)Dealing with critical situations: (f)Sabotage (g)Subversion (h)Strike (i)Lockout (j)Lay off (k)Closure (l)Hold ups and Ghereo.

MODULE 6: **SECURITY SYSTEM**

(a)Interrogation (b)Investigation and taking of statements - (c)Liaison with local police-employees participation in Industrial security — (d)Use of Dogs in Industrial Security – (e)Specific Security systems: Hotel Security Hospital security ATM Security and Personal security

20CR2020, Course Title: CRIME PREVENTION

Author: G. Dhanalakshmi, Assistant Professor.

Contents-

MODULE 1: **Introduction**

(a)History, Definition. (b)Types- Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Crime Prevention. (c)Prevention of Fear of Crime, Recidivism, Assistance.

MODULE 2: **Methods**

(a)Punitive Methods, Defense Methods, Intervention Method, Mechanical Method, Mass Method. (b)Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design. (c)Clinical Method, Group Relations' Method, Mechanical Methods. (d)Situational Crime Prevention Methods. (e)Reducing First Offenders And Recidivism. (f)CPTED

MODULE 3: **Conventional Programs**

(a)Crime Prevention by Police: Police Information Centers, 'May I Help You' Squad, (b)Surveillance, Collection of Intelligence, Policing. (c)Intervention Programs. (d)Patrolling and Beats Preventive Arrest, Cr.P.C.

MODULE 4: **Contemporary Program**

(a)Community Policing, National And International (b)De-Motivating Potential Offenders, Potential (c)Victim Protection ,Public Relations Campaign. (d)Program Aimed at Slums and Disruptive Family Situations (e)Socialization of Youth At Risk Program to Reduce Truancy. (f)Change School Policies and Increase Availability of Mentors, Family Based, Youth Based Programmes.

MODULE 5: **Governmental and Non Governmental Initiatives**

(a)Prevention of Crime and Victim Care (PCVC). (b)Responsibilities of NGOs in crime prevention World Vision India. (c)All India Women's Conference (AIWC). (d)Crime Prevention Bureau – Social Organization. (e)Role of Boys /girls Clubs , Friends of Police

MODULE 6: **International perspectives**

(a)International agencies INTERPOL. (b)Community Policing - neighborhood Watch (c)Community Watch – Special Police officer (d)Chicago Area Project (e) Local community organizations in crime prevention

20CR2021, Course Title: CRIMINAL PROFILING

Author: Dr.Sowmya Kumar, Assistant Professor

MODULE 1: **INTRODUCTION**

(a) History (b) Definition (c) Scope (d) Objectives (e) Steps in Generating a Criminal Profile (f) Intelligence-Criminal, Tactical, Operational, Strategic.

MODULE 2: **METHODS**

(a)Types of Crime (b) Criminal Behavior (c) The Scientific Method (d) And Logic (e) Inductive And Deductive Method

MODULE 3**: TYPES**

(a) Offender Profiling (b) Profiling Characteristics (c) Motivation (d) Assumptions (f) Evaluation (g) Case Linkage (h) Victim Profiling –Psychological Autopsy, Geographical Profiling

MODULE 4: **SERIAL KILLERS**

(a)History (b) Pattern (c) Male (d)Female- Case Studies (e)Modus Operandi (f) Targeted Victims, Signature (g) Unsolved Cases (h) Psychopath (i)Sadism (j) Sexual Offenders (k) Sexual Asphyxia (l) Serial Homicide & Serial Rape

MODULE 5: **DETECTION DECEPTION**

(a)Behavioral Cues (b) Speech Content (c) Combining Behavioral And Speech Cues (d) Polygraph- Testing Procedure (e) Criminal Investigations (f) Security Screening (g) Voice Stress Analysis (h) Interviewing Techniques (i) Narco Analysis (j) Portrait Parle

MODULE 6: **CRIMINAL PSYCHOLOGISTS**

(a)Role of Criminal Psychologist – Clinical, Experimental, Actuarial, Advisory; Criminal (b)Profiling on Trial: The Admissibility of Criminal Profiling Evidence (c) Ethics and The Criminal Profiler

20CR2022, Course Title: MEDIA AND CRIME

Author: Mr. Xavier Louis, Assistant Professor
Contents-
MODULE 1**: INTRODUCTION**
(a)Definition (b)Concept (c)History (d)Types- Print Visual and Electronic – (e)Media Covering Crime and Criminal Justice Stories
MODULE 2: **JOURNALISTIC CONCEPTS**
(a)Column (b)Editorial (c)Feature (d)Interview (e)Investigative Journalism- (f)Importance Characteristics (g)Investigative (h)Reporting (i)Objectivity (j)Opinion (k)Plagiarism (l)Target Audience (m)Yellow Journalism - (n)Ethics in Journalism
MODULE 3**: IMPACT**
(a)Theory of Desensitization – (b)Portrayal of crime and Police in media – (c)Role of Media in Crime Prevention –(d)Crime and Delinquency
MODULE 4: **REPORTING CRIMES**
(a)Types – Interviewing Expert and Victims – (b)Evaluating Sources – (c)Weighing Evidences (d)Verifying Facts (e)Threats- (f)Concepts of Reliability and Validity
MODULE 5: **REPORT WRITING**
(a)Techniques and Styles of Writing for Various Types of Media - (b)Editing (c)Concise Writing – (d)Analysis of News Item of Criminological Importance From a Newspaper
MODULE 6: **MEDIA AND CRIME PREVENTION**
(a)Role in the Prevention of Crimes Against Women and Children – (b)Ethics of a Crime Reporter and an Investigative Journalist – (c)Do’s and Don'ts in Social Media Reporting.

20CR2023, Course Title: GIS AND CRIME MAPPING ANALYSIS
Author: Mr. Xavier Louis, Assistant Professor
Contents-
MODULE 1:**MAPPING AND HISTORY**
(a)Crime Mapping: Context and Concepts (b)Ancient history (c)Cartography and crime mapping (d)Crime incidents (e)Measuring time and space (f)Map projection Maps of crime Thematic maps (g)Classifying map information.
MODULE 2: **GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM**
(a)Mapping Crime and Geographic Information Systems (b)The GIS revolution (c)The GIS perspective (d)spatially enabling the data – geo-coding (e)Data selecting filtering and mapping according to useful criteria (f)Selecting and displaying specific information.
MODULE 3: **APPLICATION OF GIS**
(a)Using GIS to measure from maps - (b)Aggregating data (c)Derivative measures - How to create new indicators (d)GIS as a tool for data integration and exploration (e)Hot spots Buffering -(f) Meaning and applications
MODULE 4: **ROLE AND ADVANCED**
(a)Role of analyst, Cautions (b)The integration of GIS and GPS (c)Synthesis and Applications (d)The characteristics of crime mapping for the new millennium
MODULE 5: **APPLIED TO CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE**
(a)How crime mapping can be applied to criminal intelligence (b)crime prevention (c)courts and corrections (d)public information resource allocation and planning (e)Where to obtain a better understanding of census geography and analysis (f)Maps That Speak to the Issues: Patrol officers Investigators Police managers (g)Maps in support of community policing and problem-oriented policing
MODULE 6: **IMPLEMENTING AND REPORT WRITING**

(a)Telecommunication: implementing the Geographic Information System (GIS) through mobile application (b)signal and image processing (c)sharing data with other agencies & researchers (d)Content and structure of a crime analysis report (e)Effective report writing presentations and charts.

20CR2024, Course Title: CYBER CRIMES
Author: Dr.Sowmya Kumar, Assistant Professor
MODULE 1: **INTRODUCTION**
(a) Historical Development – Definition (b) Reason (c) Challenges and Classification Conventional Crime vs. Cybercrime (d)Uniqueness
MODULE 2: **TYPES 1**
(a)E mail Crime- Fraud (b) Forgery (c) Spoofing (d) Bombing (e) Threatening (f) Spamming, Hacking-E mail (g) Network, Password (h) Cyber Terrorism- Extortion (i) Vandalism (j) Harassment (k) Financial Crime- Laundering (l) Credit Card Fraud (m) Salami Attack (n) Online Gambling (o) Cyber Squatting- Software Piracy (p) Trademark violation (q) Copyright Infringement
MODULE 3: **TYPES 2**
(a)Cyber Theft-Internet Time Theft (b) TeleCommunication (c) Malicious Code- Virus, Worm, Trojan (d)Password Attack (e) Spyware (f) Denial of Service Attack (g) Data Diddling (h) Cyber Pornography (h)Cyber Stalking (i) Identity Theft- Phishing, Pharming, Smishing, Vishing
MODULE 4: **INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS**
Issues, The Indian Perspective: Overview, Legislation, Copyright law ,Trademark law
MODULE 5: **CYBER CRIME INVESTIGATION**
(a)Best Practices for Cyber Crime Investigation: Initialising a Search and Seizure Operation (b) Tracking & Tracing Emails (c) Recovery of Digital Evidence (d) Setting up a Cyber Crime Investigation Cell (e) Cyber Forensics: Basic Forensic Principles, Forensic Imaging & Verification (f) Data Recovery and Analysis
MODULE 6: **CYBER LAW**
(a)Case studies USA, UK and India (b)Cyber Terrorism - Prevention and Detection of Cyber Crime – Cyber Policing - Current Statutes in India: Penalties & Offences under the Information Technology Act, 2006 (c) Offences under the Indian Penal Code, 1860 (d)Issues Relating to Investigation and Adjudication of Cyber Crimes in India - Digital evidence

20CR2026, Course Title: GENDER AND CRIME
Author: G. Dhanalakshmi, Assistant Professor.
Contents-
MODULE 1: **INTRODUCTION TO GENDER AND CRIME.**
(a)Definition, Need, Scope. (b) Basic Concepts - General Equality, General Inequality, Gender Sensitivity. (c)Gender - Sociological Definition. (d)Components of Gender and Components of Crime. (d)Masculinity, Femininity, Transgender, Intersexuality, Gender Queer.
MODULE 2: **DIFFERENCE IN GENDERS.**
(a)Social Construction of Gender. (b)Social Constructed Norms of Gender. (c)Gender Pay Gap – Consequence. (e)Gender Crime Pattern – Male Pattern, Female Pattern, Transgender.
MODULE 3: **THEORETICAL APPROACH ON GENDER CRIME.**
(a)Difference Between Gender Crime & Gender and Crime. (b)Gender Gap Theory, Strain Theory, (c)Anomie Theory, Differential Association Theory, (d)Social Control Theory, Cultural

Transmission Theory.(e) Swift from General Neutral Theories to General Specific.(f) Gendered Approach in Gender and Crime.

MODULE 4: **INDIAN LAWS ON GENDER EQUALITY.**

(a)Laws Protecting Women From Gender Discrimination. (b)Constitutional Provision for Gender Equality. (c)Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace Act 2013.(d) Muslim Personal Law. (e)Equal Remuneration Bill- 1976. (f)Transgender Persons Protection of Rights Act. (g) LGBTQ and Homosexuality in India- Section 377 of IPC Then and Now. (h)LGBTQ Rights and Law.

MODULE 5: **INTERNATIONAL INSTRUMENT AND NGO.**

(a)International Instrument Ensuring Gender Rights - ICCPR - ICESCR.(b) International Bar Association LGBTI Law Commission. (c)NGO Roles - International Commission of Jurists – (d)Guidelines on Sexual Orientation Gender Identity and International Human Rights.

MODULE 6: **STATISTICS ON GENDER AND CRIME.**

(a)CRBB & SCRB. Male Crime Statistics - Female Crime Statistics - Transgender Crime Statistics – (b)Types of Crimes Committed by Male, Female, Tansgender. (c)Comparing Statistics: Crime Committed by Male with Crime against Crime Committed by Male.(d) Crime against Female with Crime against Female. (e)Crime Committed by Transgender with Crime against Transgender.

20CR2027, Course Title: NGO Management

Author: Mr. Xavier Louis, **Assistant Professor**

Contents-

MODULE1: **INTRODUCTION**

(a)Concept – Origin and Development – (b)Organizational Structure – (c)Functions and Types – (d)Limitations – (e)Challenges and Issues – (f)Developmental Issues and Indicators

MODULE 2: **PROCEDURES**

(a)Strategic Planning and Development – (b)Legal Procedures (c)Formation and Differences of Trust and Society – (d)Registration Procedure for NGOs – (e)Tax Reliefs under Various Acts – (f)Salient Features of Indian Companies Act, 1956 – (g)Societies Registration Act, 1860 – (h)The Indian Trusts Act, 1882

MODULE 3: **FINANCIAL PROCESS**

(a)Fund-Raising Accounting and Budgeting – (b)Administration Office Procedure and Documentation – (c)Social Marketing – (d)Resource Mobilization and Allocation – (e)Project Management

MODULE4: **ORGANIZATION 1**

(a)International National and Regional Organizations vis-a-viz Crime Justice and Victims (b)United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) – (c)United Nations Children Fund (UNICEF) – (d)United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute (UNICRI) – (e)International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent –

MODULE 5: **ORGANIZATION 2**

(a)Amnesty International – (b)Transparency International – (c)Asian Criminological Society (ACS) (d)Save the Children –(e) Help-age – (f)World Society of Victimology – (g)INTERPOL – (h)Human Rights (i)Watch – World Health Organization – (j)Victim Support Organizations – (k)Adventist Development & Relief Agency (ADRA) - (l)National Human Rights Commission – (m)People's Union for Civil Liberties – (n)Indian Society of Criminology - (o)Indian Society of Victimology — (p)Green Tribunals

MODULE 6: **SCHEMES**

(a)Government of India Ministries of Government of India (b)Home Affairs (c)Human Resource

Development (d)Women and Child Development – (e)Communication and Information Technology – (f)Environment and Forest – (g)Health and Family welfare – (h)Labour and Rural development – (i)Law and Justice – (j)Social Justice and empowerment

20CR2028, Course Title: DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT
Author: Mr. Xavier Louis
Contents-

MODULE 1: **INTRODUCTION ON DISASTER**

(a)Definitions and Terminologies used in Disaster Management (b)Basic concepts in Disaster Management (c)Types of Disaster: Natural Disaster: Flood Cyclone Earthquakes Landslides epidemic or Pandemic etc. (Case studies of each) (d)Man-made Disaster: Fire Industrial Pollution Nuclear Disaster Biological Disasters Accidents (Air, Sea, Rail & Road) (e)Structural failures (Building and Bridge) (f)War & Terrorism etc. (Case studies of each).

MODULE 2: **DISASTER MANAGEMENT IN INDIA**

(a)Hazard and Vulnerability Profile India (b)Disaster Management Indian scenario India's vulnerability profile (c)Disaster Management Act 2005 and Policy guidelines (d)National Institute of Disaster Management (e)National Disaster Response Force (NDRF) (f)National Disaster Management Authority (g)States Disaster Management Authority (h)District Disaster Management Authority and Cases Studies.

MODULE 3: **RISK AND VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS**

(a)Risk: Assessing Disaster Risk (b)Disaster Risk Reduction Vulnerability (c)Its concept and analysis (d)Strategic Development for Vulnerability Reduction (e)Climate Variability & Disaster Risk (f)Industrial hazard and Risk Management

MODULE 4: **DISASTER PREPAREDNESS**

(a)Disaster Preparedness: Concept and Nature (b)Disaster Preparedness Plan Prediction Early Warnings and Safety Measures of Disaster (c)Role of Information Education Communication and Training (d)Role of Government, International and NGO Bodies.

MODULE 5: **RESPONSE AND 3Rs**

(a)Emergency Response: Introduction (b)Crisis Response Plan (CRP) (c)Communication Participation and Activation of Emergency Preparedness Plan (d)Search Rescue Evacuation and Logistic Management (e)Role of Government International and NGO Bodies (f)Psychological relief and recovery Relief operation and Recovery (g)Post Disaster Public Health Management (h)3R - Rehabilitation Reconstruction and Recovery (i)Reconstruction and Rehabilitation as a Means of Development (j)Damage Assessment Post Disaster effects and Remedial Measures (k)Role of Educational Institute

MODULE 6: **PRACTICAL TRAINING AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT**

(a)Few of the following can be trained: First Aid (b)Fire Prevention and Fire Fighting (c)Major Road accident recovery (d)Industrials gas leakage (e)Food Poisoned at gatherings (f)Flood management (g)Building Collapse simulation (h)Crowd control and stamping (i)Bomb blast – simulation (j)Terror attack – simulation (k)Train accidents (l)Tsunami preparedness (m)Rescue Techniques

20CR2029, Course Title: RESTORATIVE JUSTICE
Author: G. Dhanalakshmi, Assistant Professor.
Contents-

MODULE 1: **INTRODUCTION TO RESTORATIVE JUSTICE.**

(a)Meaning, Definition, Features, Objectives. (b)Restorative Justice Program, Restorative Process. (c)Principles of Restorative Justice. (d)Restorative Justice in Policy Making. (e)3 Pillars of Restorative Justice.(f) Justice System in India. (g)Restorative Justice Theoretical views.

MODULE 2: **FORMS OF RESTORATIVE JUSTICE.**

(a)Restorative Justice and Criminal Justice Administration. (b)Methods Followed in Restorative justice. Victim and Offender Mediation - Community and Family Group Conference - Circle sentencing (c) Peace making Circles – Victim Assistance. (d)Restorative Justice in Administering Juvenile in Conflict with Law.

MODULE 3: **APPLICATION OF RESTORATIVE JUSTICE.**

(a)Implementing Restorative Justice. Restorative Justice Programmes - Strategic Approaches – (b) Programme Design and Implementation- (c)Choice of a Model- Defining the Outcome/Agreement to be Attained- (d)Organization and Location of the Programme - Priority Setting.

MODULE 4: **RESTORATIVE JUSTICE IN INDIA.**

(a)Constitutional Provision - Provisions in CrPC. (b)UN Declaration of Victims of Crime and Victims of Abuse of Power. (c) Legislative Provisions -Securing the Support of Criminal Justice Agencies.

MODULE 5: **INTERNATIONAL RESTORATIVE PRACTICE.**

(a(South Africa Truth and Reconciliation Commission. (b)Traditional Maori Practices New Zealand & Circles From First Nation Practices in North America. (c)European Forum for Victim of Under Mediation and Restorative Justice. (d)Rwanda Response to Genocide with Restorative Justice.

MODULE 6: **CRITICS IN APPLICATION.**

(a)Gaps in Practicing Restorative Justice system – Conceptual Perspective- (b)Victim Perspective-Offender Perspective- Crime Perspective. (c)Application of Restorative Justice Outside of Crime and Criminal Justice System.

20CR2031, Course Title: ABNORMAL PSYCHOLOGY

Author: Dr.Sowmya Kumar, Assistant Professor

MODULE 1: **INTRODUCTION**

(a)Concept (b) Normal and Abnormal (c) Characteristics and Concept of Healthy Personality (d) Abnormality (e) DSM- Definition (f) Classification (g) Advantages (h) Disadvantages

MODULE 2: **HISTORY**

(a)Views before Science – Ancient (b) Middle Ages (c) 18th and 19th Centuries (d) Transition to Scientific Accounts- Freud (e) Humanist Response (f) Psychodynamic

MODULE 3: **FACTORS**

(a)Neuropsychosocial- Brain Structure and Brain Function (b) Genetics (c) Psychological-Behavior and Learning (d) Mental Processes and Mental Contents, Emotion (e) Social Factors-Family Matters (f) Community Support (g) Culture

MODULE 4: **TYPES 1**

(a)Mood Disorders and Suicide-Depressive Disorders (b) Bipolar Disorders (c) Anxiety Disorder Panic Disorder (d) Social Phobia (e) Social Anxiety Disorder (f)Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder (g) Dissociative and Somatoform Disorders- Amnesia (h) Hypochondriasis (i) Substance Use Disorders-Stimulants (j) Depressants

MODULE 5: **TYPES 2**

(a)Eating Disorders (b) Gender and Sexual Disorders- Paraphilias (c)Sexual Dysfunctions (d)Schizophrenia and Other Psychotic Disorders (e) Personality Disorders (f)Childhood Disorders (g) Cognitive Disorders- Delirium (h)Dementia

MODULE 6: **ASSESSMENT, TREATMENT**

(a)Diagnosis (b)Neurological (c) Psychological (d)Social (e) therapy- Types (f) Researching Abnormality (g) Psychopathic Personality – Sociopathic personality – Characteristics (h) causes and treatment – Impact of Psychopathic personality in criminal behavior.